- C. Eliakim—the ideal leader (22:20-25)
- D. Christ—the final servant leader king of God's people
 - Revelation 3:7

LIVE THE STORY

We must not only love the Gospel Story, we must begin to live the Gospel Story, indeed, to have the Central Character live in us.

- ➤ What is the "one-world government" of Isaiah 13—23?
- ➤ Contrast Isaiah 13:19 with 14:22-23. What might we learn from this about God's governance of the world?
- In Isaiah 16:12, where was Moab going with her fears? In what was she trusting? What can we learn?
- ➤ Do you find it unusual that God deals with the nations of the world in much the same way in these chapters as he does the nation of Israel, including gathering a remnant?
- ➤ What did Jerry mean when he said, "Christ's kingdom is a truth kingdom—it is recalibrating everything according to reality"?
- ➤ Do you see any connection between Isaiah 14:1-2 and the story of Paul and the Philippian jailer of Acts 16:23ff. Or Isaiah 18:7 and Acts 8:27?
- ➤ In Isaiah 22, what is the difference between Shebna's leadership and Eliakim's? Is Eliakim a foreshadow of Christ? How?
- What might this teach us about leadership in the church? What emphasis does Paul put on character in leadership? What emphasis does he put on a persons own sense of call? What does Christ teach about leadership in the kingdom?
- How do all these accounts point to our need of salvation in Christ through faith?

The Kingdoms of this World Become...

Jerry Cisar — February 20, 2011

Text: Isaiah 13—23

Introduction: One World Government

- A. The day of the Lord (13:6, 9) "is a day on which Yahweh acts in a special way. He intervenes in the course of history." WBC
 - i. Isaiah 9:7
 - ii. Isaiah 11:11-12
- B. 10 oracles
 - i. The 1st five [13:1; 14:28; 15:1; 17:1; 19:1] Ephraim
 - ii. The 2nd five [21:1, 11, 13; 22:1; 23:1] Judah

Just as God deals with Israel in judgment to save a remnant by faith, He deals with each of those surrounding nations in judgment to save remnant by faith. Collectively this remnant makes up the future people of Israel.

- iii. God's Kingdom is always bigger than we think it is!
- C. God's reign will bring about a city of God—an assembled people from every nation of the world—through faith.
 - Isaiah 17:12-13

The Kingdom of God and Bringing Down the Proud

- A. Pride is a world-wide problem... not just an Israel problem.
 - i. Babylon: Isaiah 13:19
 - a) Isaiah 14:22-23 Pride is no problem for God
 - b) Isaiah 14:10-11 Babylon's final condition
 - ii. Moab: Isaiah 16:6
 - a) Isaiah 16:4 Pride's expression
 - Pride is not only an internal condition of the heart; it is expressed outwardly.
 - b) Isaiah 16:11 God's grief
 - c) Isaiah 16:12 Moab trusts in the wrong thing
 - d) Isaiah 16:14 God will destroy the proud
 - > The weak of Moab would have seen the goodness of God's action.
 - iii. Damascus/Israel
 - a) Isaiah 17:10-11 Forgetting God
 - iv. Isaiah 19:1 The Lord Rides on the Clouds
- B. The Kingdom of God is the Reign of Truth
 - i. John 18:36-37
- C. Pride is not only inside and outside of Israel, It is inside and outside of us.

II. The Kingdom of God and Lifting Up the Humble

A. A Worldwide Remnant

i. Babylon: Isaiah 14:1-2

ii. Philistia: Isaiah 14:30, 32

iii. Isaiah 16:4-5 A Throne will be Established

iv. Damascus/Israel/Ethiopia: Isaiah 18:7

Acts 8:27ff

> Romans 15:25-27

v. Isaiah 19:19-25 A Vast, Inclusive In-gathering

III. The Kingdom of God and the Right Trust

A. Isaiah 22:1-14 Jerusalem the City of Misplaced Trust

> Isaiah 22:10-11

B. Shebna—the self-centered leader (22:15-19)